Other

Machine Learning for Quantum Systems

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Abstract:

The Soft Gap Anderson model, with a hybridization function proportional to omega^r, serves as a simple test for machine learning. A combination of supervised and unsupervised methods learn directly on the Hirsch Fye Quantum Monte Carlo decoupled fields and separate the into two phases near the predicted value of r=0.5

Speaker's Bio:

Samuel Kellar Graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Physics from Brigham Young University. As a graduate student he uses a dynamical cluster approximation to study the Hubbard model in 3 dimensions. He worked with the Ste||ar at the Center for Computation & Technology in improving efficiency of highly parallel quantum calculations.

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